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SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler

User Manual





About this Manual

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Statement

This manual will help you understand the operation and maintenance of the product better. It is reminded that the product shall be used strictly complying with this manual. User's operation failing to comply with this manual may result in malfunction or accident for which Edan Instruments, Inc. (hereinafter called EDAN) can not be held liable.

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The electrical installation of the relevant room complies with national standards, and

The instrument is used in accordance with the instructions for use.

Product Information

Product Name: Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler

Model: SONOTRAX Lite, SONOTRAX Basic, SONOTRAX Basic A, SONOTRAX Pro, SONOTRAX II, SONOTRAX II Pro, SONOTRAX Vascular

Terms Used in this Manual

This guide is designed to give key concepts on safety precautions.

WARNING

A **WARNING** label advises against certain actions or situations that could result in personal injury or death.

CAUTION

A **CAUTION** label advises against actions or situations that could damage equipment, produce inaccurate data, or invalidate a procedure.

NOTE

A **NOTE** provides useful information regarding a function or a procedure.

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Chapter 1 Safety Guide

NOTE:

This user manual is written to cover the maximum configuration. Therefore, your model may or may not have some of the parameters and functions described, depending on what you have ordered.

1.1 Intended Use/Indications for Use

The SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Dopplers (hereinafter called "the Doppler") are intended to be used by health care professionals including registered nurses, practical nurses, midwives, ultrasound technicians, and physician assistants, by prescription from licensed physicians in hospitals, clinics and private offices.

The 2 MHz and/or 3 MHz waterproof probes are indicated for the detection of fetal heart rate from early gestation thru delivery and as a general indication of fetal well being. They can also be used to verify fetal heart viability.

The 4 MHz, 5 MHz and/or 8 MHz waterproof vascular probes are indicated for the detection of blood flow in veins and arteries for assisting in the detection of peripheral vascular disease.

1.2 Safety Precautions



This unit is internally powered equipment, and it is an IEC/EN 60601-1 Type B applied part. Type B protection means that the connection between the equipment and personnel complies with permitted leakage currents and dielectric strength of IEC/EN 60601-1.

WARNING and **CAUTION** messages must be observed. To avoid the possibility of injury, observe the following precautions during the operation of the device.

WARNING

- 1 The Doppler is a tool to aid the healthcare professional and should not be used in place of normal fetal monitoring. It is not intended for treatment.
- 2 Placement of the ultrasound transducer on the abdomen is critical to obtaining the fetal heart beat as opposed to maternal heart beat or other abdominal noise. The user should be trained in proper placement techniques either through acceptable Ob/Gyn training and individual state accreditation, or as being prescribed by such a trained clinician and trained in device placement.
- 3 This device is not explosion-proof and can not be used in the presence of flammable anaesthetics.
- 4 The device is not protected against defibrillation.
- 5 Do not use the device with HF surgical equipment.

WARNING

- 6 Only use the probes provided by the manufacturer.
- 7 We recommend that exposure to ultrasound should be kept as low as reasonably achievable. This is considered to be good practice and should be observed at all time.
- 8 SHOCK HAZARD Do not attempt to connect or disconnect a power cord with wet hands. Make certain that your hands are clean and dry before touching a power cord.
- 9 Accessory equipment connected to the analog and digital interfaces must be certified according to the respective IEC/EN standards (e.g. IEC/EN 60950 for data processing equipment and IEC/EN 60601-1 for medical equipment). If in doubt, consult our technical service department or your local distributor.
- 10 Do not heat or throw batteries in fire as this may cause explosion.
- 11 Do not short-circuit the batteries or install the batteries reversely
- 12 Do not attempt to charge normal alkaline batteries. They may leak, catch fire or even explode.
- 13 Do not solder the leading wire and the battery terminal directly.
- 14 Do not destroy the battery: Do not pierce the battery with a sharp object such as a needle; do not hit with a hammer, step on or throw or drop to cause strong shock; do not disassemble or modify the battery.
- 15 The battery should be charged, used or stored away from the static electricity.
- 16 Do not mix the battery with metal objects to avoid short-circuit.
- 17 Remove the batteries and store them in a cool and dry environment if the device is not used for a long time.
- 18 If rechargeable batteries are used, charge them fully before initial use by using the method introduced in this manual.
- 19 If the rechargeable batteries are stored alone and not used for a long time, we recommend that the batteries should be charged at least once every 6 months to prevent overdischarge.
- 20 The rechargeable NI-MH batteries and battery pack should be charged by using the dedicated adapters recommended or supplied by the manufacturer.

WARNING

- 21 Replacement of the battery or charging the battery shall be done at least 1.5 meters away from patients.
- 22 The device shall only be used when the battery cover is closed.
- 23 If the liquid leak from the battery spills onto your skin or clothes, wash well with fresh water immediately.
- 24 If the liquid leak from the battery gets into eyes, do not rub the eyes. Wash them well with clean water and see a doctor immediately.
- 25 Keep away from fire immediately when leakage or foul odor is detected.
- 26 Stop using the battery if abnormal heat, odor, discoloration, deformation or abnormal condition is detected during use, charge, or storage. Please dispose it according to the local regulations.
- 27 Do not immerse, throw, or wet the battery in water/seawater.
- 28 Batteries have life cycles. The alkaline batteries are intended to be used once. If the time that the Doppler using NI-MH battery becomes much shorter than usual, the battery life is at an end. Replace them with those of identical specifications.
- 29 Do not connect any equipment or accessories that are not approved by the manufacturer or that are not IEC 60601-1 approved to the device. The operation or use of non-approved equipment or accessories with the device is not tested or supported, and device operation and safety are not guaranteed.
- 30 Using accessories other than those specified by the manufacturer may result in increased electromagnetic emissions or decreased electromagnetic immunity of the device.
- 31 The device should not be used adjacent to or stacked with other equipment and that if adjacent or stacked use is necessary, the device should be observed to verify normal operation in the configuration in which it will be used.
- 32 The medical electrical equipment needs to be installed and put into service according to the EMC Information provided in this user manual.
- 33 Portable and mobile RF communications equipment can affect medical electrical equipment, refer to section A3.4 Recommended Separation Distances.
- 34 Do not service or maintain the device or any accessory which is in use with a patient.
- 35 If any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the device, user and/or patient should report to the manufacturer and the competent authority of the Member State in which the user and/or patient is established.

CAUTION

- 1 Federal (U.S.) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.
- 2 Refer servicing to qualified personnel.
- 3 The main unit is designed for continuous operation and is 'ordinary'. Do not immerse it in any liquid (i.e. not drip or splash-proof).
- 4 Keep the device in a clean environment and avoid vibration during storage.
- 5 Do not sterilize the Doppler with autoclave or gas.
- 6 Electromagnetic Interference Ensure that the environment in which the device is operated is not subject to any source of strong electromagnetic emissions, such as radio transmitters, mobile telephones, etc.
- 7 Prior to examination using the Doppler, check for visible damages of the main unit and the probe that may endanger the patient/operator or machine performance. If the damage is found, replace them with good ones at once.
- 8 The following safety checks should be performed once every two years or as specified in the institution's test and inspection protocol by a qualified person who has adequate training, knowledge, and practical experience to perform these tests.
 - Inspect the equipment for mechanical and functional damage.
 - Inspect the safety relevant labels for legibility.
 - Verify that the device functions properly as described in the instructions for use.
 - Test the pregnant woman's leakage current according to IEC 60601-1: Limit: d.c 10 μA, a.c 100 μA.

The leakage current should never exceed the limit. The data should be recorded in an equipment log. If the device is not functioning properly or fails any of the above tests, the device has to be repaired.

9 The device and accessories are to be disposed of according to local regulations after their useful lives. Alternatively, they can be returned to the dealer or the manufacturer for recycling or proper disposal. Batteries are hazardous waste. Do NOT dispose them together with house-hold garbage. At the end of their life hand the batteries over to the applicable collection points for the recycling of waste batteries. For more detailed information about recycling of this product or battery, please contact your local Civic Office, or the shop where you purchased the product.

1.3 Symbols

No.	Symbol	Definition
1	CE 0123	CE marking
2	X	The products marked with this symbol apply to the European WEEE directive. This symbol Indicates this equipment contains electrical or electronic components that must not be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste, but collected separately. Contact an authorized representative of the manufacturer for information for the decommissioning of your equipment.
3	Rx Only	Caution: Federal (U.S.) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.
4	ī	Operating instructions
5	\triangle	Caution
6		Current: Direct
7	Ŕ	TYPE B APPLIED PART
8	P/N	Part Number
9	SN	SERIAL NUMBER
10	\sim	Date of manufacture
11		MANUFACTURER
12	EC REP	AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVE IN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY
13	Ê	General symbol for recovery/recyclable

14	+	Power adapter connector
15		Headphones
16	C	Refer to User Manual (Background: Blue; Symbol: White)
17		Warning (Background: Yellow; Symbol&Outline: Black)
18	<u>††</u>	This way up
19	↓	Fragile, handle with care
20	Ť	Keep dry
21	Xc-	STACKING LIMIT BY NUMBER
22		HANDLE WITH CARE
23	X	DO NOT STEP ON
24	MD	Medical device
25	UDI	Unique Device Identifier

NOTE:

The user manual is printed in black and white.

Chapter 2 Doppler and Accessories

2.1 Features

There are seven different models available: SONOTRAX Lite, SONOTRAX Basic, SONOTRAX Basic A, SONOTRAX Pro, SONOTRAX II, SONOTRAX II Pro and SONOTRAX Vascular.

SONOTRAX Lite and **SONOTRAX Vascular** are for simple auscultation (intermittent listening). **SONOTRAX Basic, SONOTRAX Basic A, SONOTRAX Pro, SONOTRAX II,** and **SONOTRAX II Pro** not only detect fetal heart sound; they also display the fetal heart rate on a LCD screen.

Model Function	SONOTRAX Vascular	SONOTRAX Lite	SONOTRAX Basic	SONOTRAX Basic A	SONOTRAX Pro	SONOTRAX II	SONOTRAX II Pro
LCD Display	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
LCD Backlight	-	-	-	V	√		
Mini USB Probe Socket	V			V	V		
Probe Detecting					\checkmark		\checkmark
Probe Identifying	-	-	V	V	√	V	V
Audio Play	V	\checkmark	\checkmark		√	\checkmark	
Earphone Socket	\checkmark	\checkmark			√		
Volume Adjustable	V						
Modes Switching	-	-		\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark
Audio Recording and Playing	-	-	-	-		-	
Powered by Alkaline Batteries			\checkmark		V	-	-
Powered by Rechargeable NI-MH Batteries	*	*	*	*	*	-	-
Powered by NI-MH Battery Pack	-	-	-	-	-		
Low Battery Detecting & indicating				\checkmark	\checkmark		
Auto Shutdown	-	-	V	V	√		V
Vascular Examining		*	*	*	*	*	*

The features of the Dopplers are listed in the following chart:

 $\sqrt{-1}$ = configured - = not available * = available

2.2 Main Unit

NOTE:

The pictures and interfaces in this manual are for reference only.

5

6

2.2.1 Appearance

Take 2.0 MHz obstetrical probe for example.



Figure 2-1 Front Panel

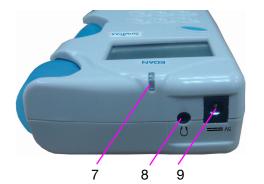


Figure 2-3 Top Panel

Figure 2-2 Rear Panel

NIMH Batttery 2.4V 1800 mAh

Product: Utrasenic Pocket Coppler Node: DBBB



Figure 2-4 Left Panel

1	Display Panel	2	POWER Button	3	Speaker
4	Probe Socket	5	Probe Holder	6	Battery Compartment
7	Charge Indicator/	8	Earphone Socket	9	Charge Socket
	Power Indicator				
10	Volume Control	11	Buttons		

2.2.2 Display Panel

SONOTRAX Lite and **SONOTRAX Vascular** have a LED in the bottom left corner of its display panel area. When powered on, the LED turns green. If the LED flashes in green, it indicates that the probe is disconnected or poorly connected. If the LED flashes in orange, it indicates that the battery is too low to support working. Change for a new battery or charge the rechargeable battery in time.

For SONOTRAX Basic, SONOTRAX Basic A, SONOTRAX Pro, SONOTRAX II and SONOTRAX II Pro, the LCD is shown as follows:



Figure 2-5 LCD

Item	Screen Element	Description
1		FHR Refresh Frequency
2	8	Working Mode
3	PLAYING	Playing Indicator
4	RECORDING	Recording Indicator
5		Battery Indicator
6		Numeric FHR

7 BMHz	Probe Type
--------	------------

2.2.3 Buttons

At most there are three push buttons (**MODE**, **START/STOP** and **REC/PLAY**) and a volume control button on the main unit of the Doppler. Their primary functions are as follows:

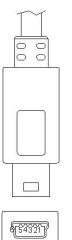
(1) MODE Button MODE (Only for SONOTRAX Basic / SONOTRAX Basic A / SONOTRAX Pro / SONOTRAX II / SONOTRAX II Pro) **Function:** Select the working mode. START/ (2) START/STOP Button STOP (Only for SONOTRAX Basic / SONOTRAX Basic A / SONOTRAX Pro / SONOTRAX II / SONOTRAX II Pro) Function: Start/ stop examining (Mode 3)/Change backlight setting (Mode 4). (3) REC/PLAY PLAY (Only for SONOTRAX Pro/ SONOTRAX II Pro) Function: Start/ stop recording or playing fetal heart sound. (4) Volume Control Indicator + Function: Adjust volume. Rotate the volume gear toward "+" to turn up the volume, or rotate it toward "-" to turn down the volume. 2.2.4 Socket The two sockets are located on the top panel of the Doppler. n (1) Earphone socket Section for outputting audio signals, the earphone or line-in cable connects to the Doppler via this socket. 5V = (2) Charge socket \square : for charging the NI-MH battery pack, the dedicated power adapter connects to the Doppler via this socket. (For SONOTRAX II and SONOTRAX II Pro only)

NOTE:

Accessory equipment connected to the analog and digital interfaces must be certified according to the respective IEC/EN standards (e.g. IEC/EN 60950 for data processing equipment and IEC/EN 60601-1 for medical equipment). If in doubt, consult our technical service department or your local distributor.

2.2.5 Probe Socket

The probe socket is as shown in figure 2-6.



Jack	Definition
1	Power Supply
2	Signal
3	Probe Coding 1
4	Probe Coding 2
5	GND
6	(Shell) GND

Figure 2-6 Probe socket

Connect the 2.0 MHz/3.0 MHz obstetrical probes or 4.0 MHz/5.0 MHz/8.0 MHz vascular probes supplied by the manufacturer to the Doppler through the probe socket.

CAUTION

- 1 Do not try to connect any other plug to the probe socket except the plug of the probes mentioned above.
- 2 Do not stretch the probe cable for more than two meters long.

2.2.6 Batteries

SONOTRAX Lite, SONOTRAX Basic, SONOTRAX Basic A, SONOTRAX Pro and SONOTRAX Vascular are powered either by two alkaline batteries or two rechargeable NI-MH batteries.

SONOTRAX II and **SONOTRAX II Pro** are powered by a NI-MH battery pack supplied by the manufacturer.

SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler User Manual

Doppler and Accessories



Alkaline Battery

Rechargeable NI-MH Battery Figure 2-7 Batteries **NI-MH Battery Pack**

NOTE:

The alkaline battery and rechargeable NI-MH battery can be replaced by those of identical specifications purchased locally.

Alkaline battery: LR6, AA, 1.5 V.

Rechargeable NI-MH battery: AA, R6, 1.2 V.

2.3 Probes

2.3.1 Waterproof Obstetrical Probes

The 2 MHz/3 MHz waterproof obstetrical probes can be connected to the main unit for fetal heart examining.

The 2 MHz obstetrical probe features in deep penetration and is designed for use during the third trimester pregnancy. The 3 MHz obstetrical probe features in high sensitivity and is designed for use as early as 10 weeks.

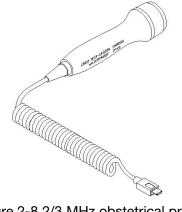


Figure 2-8 2/3 MHz obstetrical probe

The main information on the probe is as follows:

2.0 MHz/3.0 MHz: The central frequency is 2.0 MHz/3.0 MHz.

Waterproof: The probe is waterproof.

IPX8: Water Ingress Protection Code. It indicates that this probe does not get soaked

under water within 1 meter deep for five hours.

2.3.2 Waterproof Vascular Probes

The 4 MHz/5 MHz/8 MHz waterproof vascular probes can be connected to the main unit for artery and vein blood flow examining.

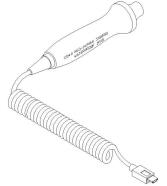


Figure 2-9 4/5/8 MHz Vascular Probes

The main information on the probe is as follows:

4.0 MHz/5.0 MHz/8.0 MHz: The central frequency is 4.0 MHz/5.0 MHz/8.0 MHz.

Waterproof: The probe is waterproof.

IPX8: Water Ingress Protection Code. It indicates that this probe does not get soaked under water within 1 meter deep for five hours.

NOTE:

The 5.0 MHz probe can only be applied to SONOTRAX Lite and SONOTRAX Vascular.

Chapter 3 Basic Operation

NOTE:

To ensure that the Doppler works properly, please read this chapter and *Chapter 1 Safety Guide* before operation; follow the steps when connecting all the components.

3.1 Opening the Package and Checking

Open the package; take out the Doppler and accessories carefully. Keep the package for possible future transportation or storage. Check the components according to the packing list.

- Check for any mechanical damage.
- Check all the cables and accessories.

If there is any problem, contact us or your local distributor immediately.

3.2 Installing/Replacing Battery

NOTE:

The batteries of SONOTRAX II and SONOTRAX II Pro are fixed in the battery compartment cover. Start from step 3 for battery installation.

1) Open the battery compartment.

Turn the Doppler upside down. Hold the main unit with one hand; press the thumb of the other hand on the cover notch and push it upward and forward. The compartment cover is open.



Figure 3-1 Opening battery compartment

2) Install the battery.

Put the alkaline batteries or NI-MH batteries into the battery compartment cover.

CAUTION

The direction of the batteries should comply with the polar mark on the cover. Reversed connection is forbidden.



Figure 3-2 Putting batteries into the compartment cover

3) Close the compartment.

Put the battery compartment cover back into the compartment, push it forward and downward until it clicks closed.



Figure 3-3 Closing the battery compartment

CAUTION

- 1 If the Doppler is not used for an extended period, take the alkaline/NI-MH batteries out and store them in a cool and dry environment.
- 2 Do not remove the NI-MH battery pack frequently after initial installation.
- 3 If the Doppler is not used for an extended period, charge the NI-MH batteries or the NI-MH battery pack at least every three months.

3.3 Probe Operation

(1) Taking out the probe

Hold the main unit with one hand. Pinch the probe and pull it outwards using mild force.



(2) Placing the probe

Hold the main unit with one hand. Pinch the probe and align it with the probe holder. Push the probe inwards using mild force until it clicks in position.



Figure 3-5 Placing the probe

<u>CAUTION</u>

Do not take out or place the probe when the Doppler is on. Remember to take out the probe before switching on the Doppler, and place the probe after switching off the Doppler.

(3) Replacing the probe

Remove the old probe:

Switch off the Doppler; hold the main unit with one hand and pinch the jacket of the mini USB socket. Lift the jacket up slightly and pull it out with mild force; take out the probe.

CAUTION

Do not pull the probe cable directly.



Figure 3-6 Removing the probe

Replace it with a new probe:

Put the USB socket of new probe into the probe interface of the Doppler. **NOTE:**

Place the temporarily unused probe carefully and avoid falling off, splash or stress, etc. When the Doppler is not used for a long time, it's recommended to connect the probe to the Doppler and keep them safely in the package.

3.4 Switching on

Press the **POWER** button on the front panel to switch on the Doppler.

If the probe is not connected or poorly connected, the LCD displays a flashing "--- MHz" sign. You should reconnect the probe properly.

When the probe is well connected, the LCD stops flashing and shows the probe frequency in the bottom right corner.



3.5 Selecting Working Mode

The Doppler has four working modes. They are:

Mode 1: Real-time FHR Display Mode

Mode 2: Averaged FHR Display Mode

Mode 3: Manual Counting Mode

Mode 4: Backlight Brightness Setting Mode

Press the **mode** button on the left panel, the doppler working mode switches among these modes, and the working mode is shown in the top left corner of LCD.



When the doppler is swiched on, it enters mode 1 automatically.

3.6 Enabling or Disabling Backlight

SONOTRAX Basic A, SONOTRAX Pro, SONOTRAX II and SONOTRAX II Pro have backlight. You can enable or disable it.

Keep pressing the MODE button until the working mode on LCD displays 4. Press the

stop¹ button. The backlight is enabled when the LCD reads "ON", and it is disabled when the LCD reads "OFF".

The setting in this mode is saved automatically after the mode is changed or normal power-off.

3.7 Switching Off

Press the **POWER** button on the front panel to switch off the Doppler.

For **SONOTRAX Basic**, **SONOTRAX Basic A**, **SONOTRAX Pro**, **SONOTRAX II** and **SONOTRAX II Pro**, it switches off automatically if there is no input signal or no operation is performed for 60 seconds.

3.8 Replacing/Charging the Battery

3.8.1 Battery Energy Indication

After switched on, the Doppler gives indication of battery energy.

For **SONOTRAX Lite** and **SONOTRAX Vascular**, the LED in the bottom left corner of the display panel lights up in green. When it flashes in orange, the battery power is low. For **SONOTRA Basic**, **SONOTRAX Basic A**, **SONOTRAX Pro**, **SONOTRAX II** and **SONOTRAX II Pro**, there is a battery symbol in the bottom left corner of LCD. The panes in it indicate the battery electric energy.





The panes disappear gradually with the energy consumption. When the energy is low, the empty battery symbol flashes. Approximately five minutes later, the Doppler shuts down automatically.

You should replace the batteries or charge the rechargeable batteries.

3.8.2 Replacing Alkaline Batteries

CAUTION

Make sure the Doppler is shut down before charging the battery or opening the battery compartment.

When the alkaline batteries are low in energy, they should be removed from the main unit, by using the procedures described in section *3.2 Installing/Replacing Battery*. Dispose of them according to local regulations.

New alkaline batteries with identical specifications are required. Install them to the Doppler as introduced in section 3.2.

WARNING

DO NOT CHARGE THE ALKALINE BATTERY.

3.8.3 Charging the NI-MH Batteries

When the rechargeable NI-MH batteries are low in energy,

- 1) Take the NI-MH batteries out from the main unit by using the procedures described in section *3.2 Installing/Replacing Battery*.
- Replace them with new batteries of identical specifications, or charge them with a NI-MH battery charger that meets the following specifications: Input: AC 100-240 V, 50 Hz/60 Hz Output: DC 1.45 V*2, 500 mA After the batteries are fully charged, install them back to the Doppler.

WARNING

The battery charger should meet the requirements of Standard IEC60950, and it should be placed outside the patient environment when it's working (1.5 m away from the patient).

3.8.4 Charging NI-MH Battery Pack

When the NI-MH battery pack is low in energy, charge the battery pack with the provided power adapter.

- 1) Put the plug of the power adapter into the charge socket of the Doppler (on the top panel).
- 2) Connect the power adapter to a power supply socket. During charging, a battery sign appears on the LCD with continuous changing energy sign, and the charging indicator on the Doppler lights up.
- 3) When the charging indicator goes off, the battery pack is fully charged (approximately 3 ~ 4 hours are needed). Remove the power adapter plug and the Doppler is ready for examining again.



Figure 3-7 Charging NI-MH Battery Pack The specifications of the provided power adapter are as follows: Input: AC 100-240 V, 50 Hz/60 Hz, 0.2 A Output: DC 5 V, 1 A

WARNING

The AC-DC power adapter meets the requirements of Standard IEC60950, and it should be placed outside the patient environment when it's working (1.5 m away from the patient). The Doppler is not available for examining during charging.

Chapter 4 Examining

4.1 FH Examining

Before applying the Doppler for fetal heart (FH) examining, a proper probe should be chosen. The 2.0 MHz obstetrical probe is optimized for deep penetration and late pregnancy. The 3.0 MHz obstetrical probe has higher sensitivity and is optimized for early pregnancy (after 10 weeks gestation).

NOTE:

In some cases, fetal heart beats at 10 weeks gestation can not be detected due to the maternal physical difference and the operator's technique.

Perform fetal heart examining using the following procedures:

- 1) Confirm the fetus's position by hand.
- 2) Determine the probable probe location for optimal FHR examining.
- 3) Take out the probe and switch on the Doppler.
- 4) Apply a certain amount of coupling gel to the probe faceplate and place the probe against the abdomen at the predetermined location. Move the probe around or tilt it until clear and rhythmic heart sound is heard from the headphone or speaker. At the same time, a numeric FHR is displayed on the LCD (except **SONOTRAX Lite**).



If the Doppler works in mode 1, the numeric is the real-time heart rate, it changes continuously.

If the Doppler works in mode 2, the numeric is the average of every 8 heart beats, it changes slowly.

If the Doppler works in mode 3, press the stop button once and start counting immediately, viz. count one at the moment when the button is pressed. The LCD shows

a flashing heart shape symbol and "---". Press the stop button again on the 10th count (after nine beat intervals). The Doppler calculates and displays the average FHR over the 10 beats. This rate value will not disappear until another measurement starts or the mode is changed.

NOTE:

- 1 The best quality records will only be obtained if the probe is placed in the optimum position.
- 2 Positions with strong placental sounds or umbilical blood flow sound should be avoided.
- 3 If the fetus is in the cephalic position and the mother is supine, the clearest heart sound will normally be found on the midline below the umbilicus. During examining, the pregnant woman's prolonged lying in the supine position should be avoided owing to the possibility of supine hypotension. Sitting up or lateral

positions are preferable and may be more comfortable.

- 4 It is impossible to examine FHR unless a fetal heart sound is present. The fetal pulse can be distinguished from the maternal pulse by feeling the mother's pulse during the examination.
- 5 When applied to the patient, the ultrasound transducer may warm slightly (less than 4°C (7.2°F) above ambient temperature). When NOT applied, the ultrasound transducer may warm slightly (less than 4°C (7.2°F) above ambient temperature).

4.2 FH Sound Recording and Playing

This function is only available with **SONOTRAX Pro** and **SONOTRAX II Pro**. **Recording:**

In mode 1, 2 or 3, press and hold the *PLAY* button for three seconds, the machine starts recording, and the LCD reads **RECORDING**.

The longest record time is 240 seconds. When the time is up or the PLAY button is pressed again, the Doppler stops recording and returns to the real-time status. **NOTE:**

Only the last set of recorded fetal heart sounds is saved in the Doppler. It is cleared when new sounds are recorded. Playing:

When the machine is not recording in mode 1, 2 or 3, press the **PLAY** button once, the machine plays the recorded sound, and the LCD reads **PLAYING**.

When the recorded sound comes to the end or the PLAY button is pressed again, the Doppler stops playing and returns to the real-time status. **NOTE:**

Observe the LCD, pay attention not to mistake the recorded fetal heart sound for the real-time sound.

4.3 FH Sound Recording by PC

The signal of fetal heart sound can be transferred to a personal computer (PC) and recorded by the sound recorder. You can play the recorded sound files, burn them into CDs or e-mail them to whomever you want.

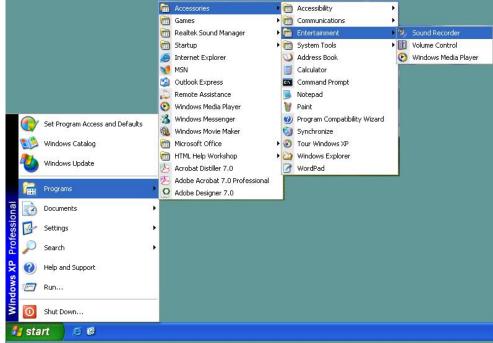
4.3.1 Recording Sounds

Insert one plug of the special line-in cable supplied by the manufacturer to the audio input socket (the socket with the symbol " $\widehat{}$ ") of the PC, refer to figure 4-1. If the PC has no audio input socket, insert the plug into the microphone socket (the socket with the symbol ").



Figure 4-1 Audio Input Socket on the PC

Turn on PC and run the sound recorder (Click on **Start > Programs > Accessories > Entertainment > Sound Recorder**). Refer to figure 4-2.

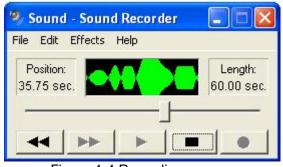




Perform FHR examination with the method described in section 4.1. When the ideal signal is detected, unplug the earphone (if it's connected) and insert the other plug of the audio cable into the earphone socket on the Doppler.



Figure 4-3 Sound Recorder





Click on the start key _____ to start recording, refer to figure 4-3.

You can record 60 seconds each time. When the time is up, click on the start key again to keep on recording.

Click on the stop key **I** to stop recording, refer to figure 4-4.

Click on **File** > **Save**, input the file name, select a folder and click on **Save** to save the signals in a ".wav" file.

To start a new recording, click on **File** > **New**.

4.3.2 Playing Sound Files

The recorded sounds are saved as waveform (.wav) files in your computer.

You can play the waveform file with the sound recorder. Run the sound recorder, click on **File** > **Open**, search for the folder and select the file, click on **Open** to load the file,

and then click on the play key

If you have any other program that supports waveform (.wav) files installed on your PC, double-click on the file to play it.

4.3.3 Burning CD or Sending in Email

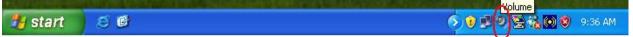
The waveform files saved in your PC are normal audio data files. You can burn them into CDs or e-mail to whomever you want.

4.3.4 Record Troubleshooting

If there is audio output from the speaker or earphone, but the PC recorder does not have any input. (The green line recording area has no waveform.) The reason could be:

- 1. Poor connection of the audio cable between the Doppler and the PC.
- Check the plugs of the cable and re-connect it if any poor connection is detected.
- 2. The audio cable has been plugged to the wrong socket of the PC, instead of the audio input socket or the microphone socket.
 - Insert the plug to the right socket.
- 3. The Line in or microphone is muted on PC.
 - Change the setting of the PC in these steps:

a) Double-click on the volume symbol in the bottom right corner of your desktop;



b) The volume control menu pops up:

I Volume Control			
Options Help			
Volume Control	Wave	SW Synth	CD Player
Balance:	Balance:	Balance:	Balance:
Volume:	Volume:	Volume:	Volume:
🛄 Mute all	Mute	Mute	Mute
Realtek AC97 Audio	38. J	N	

Figure 4-5 Volume control menu

c) If the line in or/and microphone volume control is/are not shown in the Volume Control menu, click on **Options > Properties**, tick **Line In** and **Microphone** as shown in figure 4-6, click on **OK**:

roperties	2 🛛
Mixer device: Realtek AC	97 Audio 🛛 🔽
Adjust volume for	
O Playback	
ORecording	
O Other	~
	(20)
 SPDIF Aux CD Player Line In Microphone Phone Line PC Speaker 	
Aux CD Player Line In Microphone Phone Line PC Speaker	~

d) Make sure Line In and Microphone is not mute, click on 🚨 to exit.

Options Help					
Volume Control	Wave	SW Synth	CD Player	Line In	Microphone
Balance:	Balance:	Balance:	Balance:	Balance:	Balance:
	Volume:	Volume:	Volume:	Volume:	Volume:
Mute all	Mute	Mute	Mute (Mute (Mute

e) Start a new recording.

4.4 Vascular Examining (Optional)

WARNING

The Doppler is not intended for ophthalmic use. Do not use it for examining ophthalmic vessels, or any other procedures which may cause the ultrasound beam to pass through the eye.

4 MHz, 5 MHz or 8 MHz vascular probes are to be connected to the Doppler to perform vascular examination.

Choose the appropriate probe as required. The probe with low frequency has a deeper penetration depth, while the probe with high frequency has better resolution and wider detecting range. The 4 MHz vascular probe is optimized for examining blood vessels; the 5 MHz vascular probe is optimized for examining deeper vessels, and the 8 MHz vascular probe is optimized for examining surface vessels.

Apply a liberal amount of gel on the site to be examined. Place the probe at a 45° angle on the skin over the vessel to be examined. Adjust the position of the probe to obtain the loudest blood flow sound. Refer to figure 4-8 for the probe sites:

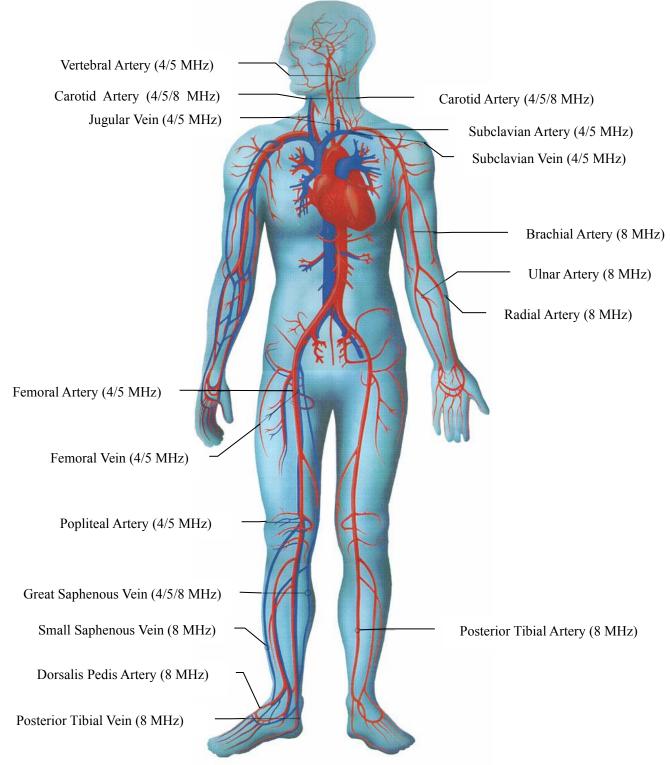


Figure 4-8 Probe sites

For best results, keep the probe as still as possible once the optimum position is found. Adjust the volume as required. High pitched pulsatile sounds are emitted from arteries while veins emit a non-pulsatile sound similar to a rushing wind.

Vascular examination only provides audio signals of arteries and veins. The LCD screen always displays the probe frequency.

NOTE:

When applied to the patient, the ultrasound transducer may warm slightly (less than 4° C (7.2°F) above ambient temperature). When NOT applied, the ultrasound transducer may warm slightly (less than 6° C (10.8°F) above ambient temperature).

4.5 Completing Examining

After examining,

- 1) Switch off the Doppler.
- 2) Wipe the remaining gel off the patient and the probe with a clean soft cloth or tissue.
- 3) Place the probe back to the holder.

Chapter 5 Maintenance

5.1 Maintenance

You must check that the equipment does not have visible evidence of damage that may affect the patient and the operator's safety or the Doppler's capability before each use. Pay special attention to the cracks on the probe and the cable before immersing them into conductive fluid. If the damage is evident, replacement is recommended.

The probe is frangible and must be handled with care.

Wipe the remaining gel after use to prolong the probe life.

The overall check of the Doppler, including safety check and function check, should be performed by qualified personnel every 12 months, and each time after service. Besides the above requirements, comply with local regulations on maintenance and measurement.

5.2 Cleaning

If the main unit or accessory has been in contact with the patient, then cleaning and disinfection is required after every use. If there has been no patient contact and there is no visible contamination then daily cleaning and disinfection is appropriate.

The validated cleaning agents for cleaning the main unit and reusable accessories are:

- 1. Mild near neutral detergent
- 2. Ethanol (75%)
- 3. Isopropanol (70%)

Cleaning agents should be applied and removed using a clean, soft, non-abrasive cloth or paper towel.

5.2.1 Cleaning of the Main Unit

- 1. Switch off the main unit.
- 2. Wipe the entire exterior surface, including the screen, of the equipment using a soft cloth dampened with the cleaning solution thoroughly until no visible contaminants remain.
- 3. After cleaning, wipe off the cleaning solution with a fresh cloth or towel dampened with tap water until no visible cleaning agent remains.
- 4. Dry the main unit in a ventilated and cool place.

5.2.2 Cleaning of the Probe

- 1. Disconnect the probe from the main unit.
- 2. Wear sterile protective gloves to prevent infection.
- 3. Remove all residual foreign matters from the probe using sterile cloth or paper towel immediately after examination. For the situation where a protective sheath is used, the protective sheath should be removed first and discarded.
- 4. Wipe the surface of probe and cable with a sterile cloth dampened with the cleaning solution until no visible contaminants remain.
- 5. After cleaning, wipe off the cleaning solution with a new sterile cloth dampened with tap water until no visible cleaning agent remains.
- 6. Wipe off with a dry sterile cloth to remove residual moisture.

- 7. Leave the probe to air dry.
- 8. If the probe is not visually clean at the end of the cleaning steps, please repeat the cleaning steps through step 4 to step 7.
- 9. Inspect the probe to ensure that there is no damage. The transducer should be disposed of properly when any damage is found.

CAUTION

- 1 Do not use strong solvent, such as acetone.
- 2 Never use an abrasive such as steel wool or metal polish.
- 3 The main unit is not waterproof. Do not immerse any part of it into liquid.
- 4 Avoid pouring liquids on the main unit while cleaning.
- 5 Do not remain any solution on the surface after cleaning.
- 6 Only the body and cable of the probe are waterproof. Do not immerse the probe socket into any liquid.

5.3 Disinfection

Clean the main unit and reusable accessories before they are disinfected. The validated disinfectants for cleaning the main unit and reusable accessories are:

- Ethanol (75%)
- Isopropanol (70%)

5.3.1 Disinfection of the Main Unit

To disinfect the main unit, follow these steps:

- 1. Switch off the main unit.
- 2. Wipe the display screen using a soft, clean cloth dampened with the disinfectant solution.
- 3. Wipe the exterior surface of the equipment using a soft cloth dampened with the disinfectant solution.
- 4. Wipe off the disinfectant solution with a dry cloth after disinfection if necessary.
- 5. Dry the main unit for at least 30 minutes in a ventilated and cool place.

CAUTION

Pay attention not to immerse the probe socket into the disinfector.

5.3.2 Disinfection of the Probe

- 1. Disconnect the probe from the main unit.
- 2. Wear sterile protective gloves to prevent infection.
- 3. Clean and dry the transducer according to the methods in section *5.2.2 Cleaning of the Probe.*
- 4. Prepare the disinfectant solution (75% ethanol).
- 5. Spray the solution to the probe interface or wipe it with a sterile cloth dampened with the disinfectant solution. Follow the disinfectant manufacturer's recommended contact time and mode.
- 6. Rinse the probe according to the disinfectant instructions. Wipe the probe with a dry sterile cloth or leave the probe to air dry.

7. Inspect the probe to ensure that there is no damage.

Chapter 6 Warranty and Service

6.1 Warranty

EDAN warrants that EDAN's products meet the labeled specifications of the products and will be free from defects in materials and workmanship that occur within warranty period.

The warranty is void in cases of:

- a) damage caused by mishandling during shipping.
- b) subsequent damage caused by improper use or maintenance.
- c) damage caused by alteration or repair by anyone not authorized by EDAN.
- d) damage caused by accidents.
- e) replacement or removal of serial number label and manufacture label.

If a product covered by this warranty is determined to be defective because of defective materials, components, or workmanship, and the warranty claim is made within the warranty period, EDAN will, at its discretion, repair or replace the defective part(s) free of charge. EDAN will not provide a substitute product for use when the defective product is being repaired.

6.2 Contact Information

If you have any question about maintenance, technical specifications or malfunctions of devices, contact your local distributor.

Alternatively, you can send an email to EDAN service department at: support@edan.com.

Appendix 1 Product Specifications

Product Name: Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler

Model:

SONOTRAX Lite, SONOTRAX Basic, SONOTRAX Basic A, SONOTRAX Pro, SONOTRAX II, SONOTRAX II Pro, SONOTRAX Vascular

Safety:

Complies with: IEC 60601-1:2005+A1:2012, EN 60601-1:2006+A1:2013, IEC 60601-1-2:2014, EN 60601-1-2:2015, IEC/EN 61266,

IEC/EN 60601-2-37

Classification:

Anti-electric Shock Type:	Internally powered equipment
Anti-electric Shock Degree:	Type B equipment
Degree of Protection	n against Harmful Ingress of Water:
Main Unit:	Ordinary equipment (Sealed equipment without liquid proof)
Probes:	IPX8 Water Ingress Protection Code, indicating this probe does not get soaked under water within 1 meter deep for five hours.
Degree of Safety in Presence of Flammable Gases:	Equipment not suitable for use in presence of flammable gases
Working System:	Continuous running equipment
EMC:	CISPR 11 Group 1 Class B (without power adapter) CISPR 11 Group 1 Class A (with power adapter)

Physical Characteristic:

Main Unit

Size: 34 mm x 89 mm x 141 mm (Depth x Width x Height, ±1 mm) Weight: <300 g (including the battery)

Probe

Weight: 100 g Cable Length: 2.5 m Size: 112 mm (diameter) x 32 mm (thickness)

Environment:

- \/\	Inrl	(ind)
V V		king:

Tem	perature:	+5°C ~ +40°C (+41°F ~ +104°F)
Hum	nidity:	25%RH ~ 80% RH (non-condensing)
	ospheric sure:	86 kPa ~ 106 kPa
Transport and S	Storage:	
Tem	perature:	-20°C ~ +55°C (-4°F ~ +131°F)
Hum	nidity:	25% RH ~ 93% RH (non-condensing)
	ospheric sure:	70 kPa ~106 kPa

Display:

45 mm x 25 mm LCD display

FHR Performance (Essential Performance):

FHR Measuring Range:	50 bpm ~ 210 bpm
Resolution:	1 bpm
Accuracy:	±3 bpm

Sensitivity: 10 weeks gestation (3 MHz)

Audio Output Power: 1 W

Recording and Playing:

Audio Sampling Frequency: 4 kHz Recording Length: 240 seconds

White Backlight:

Two Brightness Adjustable: OFF, ON

Auto Shut down:

1 minute after no signal or operation, auto shut down

Recommended Battery Type:

Alkaline battery (AA LR6 1.5 V) Rechargeable NI-MH battery (AA R6 1.2 V)

Ultrasonic Gel:

pH: 5.5~8.0 Acoustic Impedance: 1.5x10⁶~1.7x10⁶ Pa · s/m (in 35°C(95°F))

Stand-by Time (hour):

Model	Alkaline Batteries	Rechargeable NI-MH Batteries	NI-MH Battery Pack
SONOTRAX Vascular	9 hr	8 hr	
SONOTRAX Lite	9 hr	8 hr	/
SONOTRAX Basic	9 hr	8 hr	/
SONOTRAX Basic A	9 hr	8 hr	/
SONOTRAX II	/	1	8 hr
SONOTRAX Pro	9 hr	8 hr	/
SONOTRAX II Pro	/	/	8 hr

Rechargeable NI-MH Battery

Nominal Capacity:	1800 mAh
Nominal Voltage:	2.4 VDC
Continual Working Time:	8 hr
Necessary Charge Time:	4 hr

Ultrasound

	2.0 MHz Obstetrical Probe	2.0 MHz
	3.0 MHz Obstetrical Probe	3.0 MHz
Nominal Frequency	4.0 MHz Vascular Probe	4.0 MHz
	5.0 MHz Vascular Probe	5.0 MHz
	8.0 MHz Vascular Probe	8.0 MHz
	2.0 MHz Obstetrical Probe	(2.0±10%) MHz
	3.0 MHz Obstetrical Probe	(3.0±10%) MHz
Working Frequency	4.0 MHz Vascular Probe	(4.0±10%) MHz
	5.0 MHz Vascular Probe	(5.0±10%) MHz
	8.0 MHz Vascular Probe	(8.0±10%) MHz
2.0 MHz/3.0 MHz Obstetrical Probe	$P - < 1 \text{ MPa}$ $I_{ob} < 10 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ $I_{spta} < 100 \text{ mW/cm}^2$	
4.0 MHz/5.0 MHz/8.0 MHz Vascular Probe	$P = < 1 \text{ MPa} I_{ob} < 50 \text{ mW/cm}^2 I_{spta} < 100 \text{ mW/cm}^2$	

Working Mode	Continuous wave Doppler	
Effective Radiating Area of Transducer	2.0 MHz Obstetrical Probe	(245±15%) mm ²
	3.0 MHz Obstetrical Probe	(245±15%) mm ²
	4.0 MHz Vascular Probe	(32±15%) mm ²
	5.0 MHz Vascular Probe	(32±15%) mm ²
	8.0 MHz Vascular Probe	(14±15%) mm ²

Low Output Summary Table

(for systems with no transducers having global maximum index values exceeding 1.0) System: SONOTRAX series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler

Transducer Model (MHz)	I _{spta.3} (mW/cm ²)	ТІ Туре	TI Value	МІ	I _{sppa.3} (W/cm²)
CW 2.0	0.0563	TIS	0.0704	0.021	0.015
GW 2.0	0.0505	TIB	0.0113	0.021	0.015
CW 3.0	1.60	TIS	0.0116	0.0041	0.00163
GW 3.0	1.63	TIB	0.0217	0.0041	0.00163
CW 4.0	20.24	TIS	0.0142	0.0125	0.02024
GW 4.0	20.24	TIB	0.0589	0.0125	0.02024
	50 500	TIS	0.2055	0.01755	0.04070
CW 5.0	52.593	TIB	0.3164	0.01755	0.04972
C) M 8 0	110	TIS	0.24	0.000	0.11
CW 8.0	110	TIB	0.41	0.022	0.11

Appendix 2 Ordering Information

CAUTION

Only the parts supplied or recommended by the manufacturer should be used with the Doppler.

Parts	Part Number
Probe	
2.0 MHz Obstetrical Probe	02.01.210326
3.0 MHz Obstetrical Probe	02.01.210327
4.0 MHz Vascular Probe	02.01.14346
5.0 MHz Vascular Probe	02.01.104822
8.0 MHz Vascular Probe	02.01.14347
Accessory	
Alkaline Batteries	01.21.064086
Rechargeable NI-MH Batteries	21.21.064180
NI-MH Battery Pack	01.21.064182
Power Adapter (American Standard)	02.01.214154
Power Adapter (European Standard)	02.01.214155
Power Adapter (Australian Standard)	02.01.214158
Power Adapter (English Standard)	02.01.214156
Normal Carry case	01.56.465632

Appendix 3 Troubleshooting

Phenomenon	Possible Cause	Solution
	The speaker is muted.	Turn up the volume.
The speaker does not	Bad connection between the probe and main unit.	Make sure that the probe is well connected to the main unit.
sound.	Main board defective.	Replace the main board.
	Speaker defective.	Replace the speaker.
	Probe defective.	Replace the probe.
	The volume is too low.	Turn up the volume.
The speaker sounds weak.	No coupling gel is applied.	Apply coupling gel on the probe acoustic surface.
	The battery is in low energy.	Replace the battery or charge the rechargeable battery.
Low sensitivity.	The probe is not placed at the optimum position.	Locate the probe at a position for optimal FHR examining.
	No coupling gel is applied.	Apply coupling gel on the probe acoustic surface.
The screen displays	Main board defective.	Replace the main board.
nothing and the speaker does not sound after the main unit is switched on.	The battery is in low energy.	Replace the battery or charge the rechargeable battery.
The speaker sounds but	Main board defective.	Replace the main board.
the screen displays nothing or displays wrong characters after the main unit is switched on.	Screen defective.	Replace the screen.
	The device is subject to strong electromagnetic emissions.	Make sure that the environment in which the device is operated is not subject to any source of strong electromagnetic emissions.
	Speaker defective.	Replace the speaker.
Loud noise.	Probe defective.	Replace the probe.
	Main board defective.	Replace the main board.
	The probe has not been taken out from the probe holder when the main unit is switched on.	Take out the probe from the probe holder before switching on the main unit.
	The battery is in low energy.	Replace the battery or charge the rechargeable battery.

	Too much coupling gel on the probe acoustic surface.	Wipe the residual coupling gel off the probe after each use.
The screen displays	Power adapter defective.	Replace the power adapter.
nothing or displays charge error when the	Battery defective.	Replace the battery.
Doppler (SD3 PLUS or SD3 PRO) is being charged.	Main board defective.	Replace the main board.
	Charge stand defective.	Replace the charge stand.

Appendix 4 EMC Information

A4.1 Electromagnetic Emissions

For SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler:

Guidance and manufacture's declaration-electromagnetic emission

The SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the device should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Emission test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment-guidance
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emission CISPR 11	Class B	
Harmonic emissions IEC/EN61000-3-2	Not applicable	The SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Voltage fluctuations /flicker emissions IEC/EN61000-3-3	Not applicable	

Т

For SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler with power adapter:

Т

Guidance and manufacture's declaration-electromagnetic emission

The SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler with power adapter is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the device should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Emission test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment-guidance
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler with power adapter uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emission CISPR 11	Class A	
Harmonic emissions IEC/EN61000-3-2	Not applicable	The SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler with power adapter is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Voltage fluctuations /flicker emissions IEC/EN61000-3-3	Not applicable	

A4.2 Electromagnetic Immunity

For SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler:

Guidance and manufacture's declaration-electromagnetic immunity

The SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the device should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment-guidance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	±8 kV contact ±15 kV air	±8 kV contact ±15 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floor are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.
Electrical Fast Transient/Burst IEC/EN61000-4-4	±2 kV for power supply lines	Not applicable	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC/EN61000-4-5	±1 kV line(s) to line(s) ±2 kV line(s) to earth	Not applicable	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Voltage dips, short interruptions, and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC/EN61000-4-11	0 % U _T ; 0,5 cycle At 0°, 45°, 90°, 135°, 180°, 225°, 270° and 315° 0 % U _T ; 1 cycle and 70 % U _T ; 25/30 cycles) Single phase: at 0° 0 % U _T ; 250/300 cycle	Not applicable	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the SONOTRAX(2009) Series requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the SONOTRAX(2009) Series be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.

Power frequency (50Hz/60Hz) magnetic field		30 A/m	Power frequency magnetic
	30 A/m		fields should be at levels
			characteristic of a typical
			location in a typical
IEC61000-4-8			commercial or hospital
			environment.

For SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler with power adapter:

Guidance ar	nd manufacture's de	eclaration-electror	magnetic immunity
electromagnetic envi		w. The customer or t	<i>pter</i> is intended for use in the he user of the device should
Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment-guidance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	±8 kV contact ±15 kV air	±8 kV contact ±15 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floor are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.
Electrical Fast Transient/Burst IEC/EN61000-4-4	±2 kV for power supply lines	±2 kV for power supply lines	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC/EN61000-4-5	±1 kV line(s) to line(s) ±2 kV line(s) to earth	±1 kV line(s) to line(s)	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Voltage dips, short interruptions, and voltage variations	0 % U _{τ;} 0,5 cycle At 0°, 45°, 90°, 135°, 180°, 225°, 270° and 315°	0 % U _{T;} 0,5 cycle At 0°, 45°, 90°, 135°, 180°, 225°, 270° and 315°	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the SONOTRAX(2009)
on power supply input lines IEC/EN61000-4-11	0 % U _T ; 1 cycle and 70 % U _T ; 25/30 cycles) Single phase: at 0°	0 % U _T ; 1 cycle and 70 % U _T ; 25/30 cycles) Single phase: at 0°	Series with power adapter requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the SONOTRAX(2009) Series

	0 % U⊤; 250/300 cycle	0 % U _⊺ ; 250/300 cycle	<i>with power adapter</i> be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.
Power frequency (50Hz/60Hz) magnetic field IEC61000-4-8	30 A/m	30 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.

A4.3 Electromagnetic Immunity

lance and manufacture	e's declaration –	electromagnetic immunity				
The SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the device should assure that it is used in such an environment.						
IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment-guidance				
3 Vrms 150 kHz ~ 80 MHz 6Vrmsc)in ISM bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz 3V/m 80 MHz ~ 2.7 GHz	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz 6Vrmsc)in ISM bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz 3 V/m 80 MHz to 2.7 GHz	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the <i>SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler</i> , including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter. Recommended separation distance: $d=1.2\sqrt{P}$ 150 kHz to 80 MHz $d=1.2\sqrt{P}$ 80 MHz to 800 MHz $d=2.3\sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to 2.7 GHz $d=6\sqrt{P}/E$ at RF wireless communications equipment bands (Portable RF communications equipment bands antenna cables and external antennas) should be used no closer than 30 cm (12 inches) to any part of the <i>SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler</i> , including cables specified by the manufacturer). Where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in metres (m). Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an				
	X Series Ultrasonic Poc ecified below. The cust environment. IEC 60601 test level 3 Vrms 150 kHz ~ 80 MHz 6Vrmsc)in ISM bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz 3V/m	ecified below. The customer or the use environment.IEC 60601 test levelCompliance level3 Vrms 150 kHz ~ 80 MHz 6Vrmsc)in ISM bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz 6Vrmsc)in ISM bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz3V/m 80 MHz ~ 2.7 GHz3 V/m 80 MHz to 2.7				

	electromagnetic site survey,a should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range.b Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:
NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, t NOTE 2 These guidelines may no affected by absorption and reflection	t apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is
5	mitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) dios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV

- broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating the SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler.
- b Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.
- The ISM (industrial, scientific and medical) bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz are 6,765 с MHz to6,795 MHz; 13,553 MHz to 13,567 MHz; 26,957 MHz to 27,283 MHz; and 40,66 MHz to 40,70 MHz. The amateur radio bands between 0,15 MHz and 80 MHz are 1,8 MHz to 2,0 MHz, 3,5 MHz to 4,0 MHz, 5,3 MHz to 5,4 MHz, 7 MHz to 7,3 MHz, 10,1 MHz to 10,15 MHz, 14 MHz to 14.2 MHz, 18.07 MHz to 18.17 MHz,21.0 MHz to 21,4 MHz, 24,89 MHz to 24,99 MHz, 28,0 MHz to 29,7 MHz and 50,0 MHz to 54,0 MHz.

Tabl	Table-Test specifications for ENCLOSURE PORT IMMUNITY to RF wireless communications equipment							
Test Frequency (MHz)	Brand a) (MHz)	Service a)	Modulation b)	Maximum Power(W)	Distanc e (m)	IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL (V/m)		
385	380-390	TETRA 400	Pulse modulation b) 18Hz	1.8	0.3	27		
450	430-470	GMRS 460, FRS 460	FM C) ±5 kHz deviation 1kHz sine	2	0.3	28		
710	704 707	LTE Brand	Pulse	0.2	0.3	9		
745 780	704-787	13, 17	modulation b) 217 Hz	0.2	0.3	9		
810	800-960	GSM 800/900,T ETRA 800, iDEN 820, CDMA	Pulse modulation b) 18 Hz	2	0.3	28		
870]	850, LTE Band 5	,					
930		Danu 5						

1720 1845 1970	1700-199 0	GSM 1800; CDMA 1900; GSM 1900; DECT; LTE Band 1, 3, 4,25; UMTS	Pulse modulation b) 217 Hz	2	0.3	28
2450	2400-257 0	Bluetooth, WLAN,802 .11 b/g/n, RFID 2450, LTE Brand 7	Pulse modulation b) 217 Hz	2	0.3	28
5240 5500 5785	5100-580 0	WLAN 802.11 a/n	Pulse modulation b) 217 Hz	0.2	0.3	9

Note: If necessary to achieve the IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL, the distance between the transmitting antenna and the ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEM maybe reduce to 1m. The 1 m test distance is permitted by IEC 61000-4-3.

a) For some services, only the uplink frequencies are included.

b) The carrier shall be modulated using a 50% duty cycle square wave signal.

c) As an alternative FM modulation, 50% pulse modulation at 18 Hz may be used because while it does not represent actual modulation, it would be worst case

A4.4 Recommended Separation Distances

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler

The SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the device can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

Rated maximum	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter (m)					
output power of transmitter (W)	150 kHz to 80 MHz $d = 1.2\sqrt{P}$	80 MHz to 800 MHz $d = 1.2\sqrt{P}$	800 MHz to 2.7 GHz $d = 2.3\sqrt{P}$			
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23			
0.1	0.38	0.38	0.73			
1	1.2	1.2	2.3			
10	3.8	3.8	7.3			
100	12	12	23			

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies. NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

Appendix 5 Ultrasound Intensity and Safety

A5.1 Ultrasound in Medicine

The use of diagnostic ultrasound has proved to be a valuable tool in medical practice. Given its known benefits for non-invasive investigations and medical diagnosis, including investigation of the human fetus, the question of clinical safety with regards to ultrasound intensity arises.

There is no easy answer to the question of safety surrounding the use of diagnostic ultrasound equipment. Application of the ALARA (As Low As Reasonably Achievable) principle serves as a rule-of-thumb that will help you to get reasonable results with the lowest possible ultrasonic output.

The American Institute of Ultrasound in Medicine (AIUM) states that given its track record of over 25 years of use and no confirmed biological effects on patients or instrument operators, the benefits of the prudent use of diagnostic ultrasound clearly outweigh any risks.

A5.2 Ultrasound Safety and the ALARA Principle

Ultrasound waves dissipate energy in the form of heat and can therefore cause tissue warming. Although this effect is extremely low with Doppler, it is important to know how to control and limit patient exposure. Major governing bodies in ultrasound have issued statements to the effect that there are no known adverse effects from the use of diagnostic ultrasound, however, exposure levels should always be limited to As Low As Reasonably Achievable (the ALARA principle).

A5.3 Explanation of MI/TI

A5.3.1 MI (Mechanical Index)

Cavitations will be generated when ultrasound wave passes through and contacts tissues, resulting in instantaneous local overheating. This phenomenon is determined by acoustic pressure, spectrum, focus, transmission mode, and factors such as states and properties of the tissue and boundary. This mechanical bioeffect is a threshold phenomenon that occurs when a certain level of ultrasound output is exceeded. The threshold is related to the type of tissue. Although no confirmed adverse mechanical effects on patients or mammals caused by exposure at intensities typical of present diagnostic ultrasound instruments have ever been reported, the threshold for cavitation is still undetermined. Generally speaking, the higher the acoustic pressure, the greater the potential for mechanical bioeffects.

The AIUM and NEMA formulate mechanical index (MI) in order to indicate the potential for mechanical effects. The MI is defined as the ratio of the peak-rarefactional acoustic

pressure (should be calculated by tissue acoustic attenuation coefficient 0.3dB/cm/MHz) to the acoustic frequency.

$$MI = \underline{P_{r, \alpha}} \\ f_{awf} \times C_{MI} \\ C_{MI} = 1 (MPa / MHz)$$

A5.3.2 TI (Thermal Index)

Heating of tissues is caused by absorption of ultrasound when the ultrasound energy is applied. The temperature rise is determined by the acoustic intensity, exposed area and thermophysical properties of the tissue.

In order to indicate the potential for temperature rise caused by thermal effects, the AIUM and NEMA formulate thermal index (TI). It is defined as the ratio of the total acoustic power to the acoustic power required to raise the tissue temperature by 1° C (1.8°F).

According to different thermophysical properties of the tissue, TI is divided into three kinds: TIS, TIB and TIC.

TIS (Soft Tissue Thermal Index): It provides an estimate of potential temperature rise in soft or similar tissues.

TIB (Bone Thermal Index): It provides an estimate of potential temperature rise when the ultrasound beam passes through soft tissue and a focal region is in the immediate vicinity of bone.

TIC (Cranial Bone Thermal Index): It provides an estimate of potential temperature rise in the cranial bones or superficial bones.

A5.3.3 Measurement Uncertainties

The uncertainties in the measurements were predominantly systematic in origin; the random uncertainties were negligible in comparison. The overall systematic uncertainties were determined as follows:

- 1. **Hydrophone Sensitivity:** ±23 percent for intensity, ±11.5 percent for pressure. Based on the hydrophone calibration report by ONDA. The uncertainty was determined within ±1 dB in frequency range 1-15 MHz.
- Digitizer: ±3 percent for intensity. ±1.5 percent for pressure.
 Based on the stated accuracy of the 8-bit resolution of the Agilent DSO6012
 Digital Oscilloscope and the signal-to-noise ratio of the measurement.
- 3. Temperature: ±1 percent
- Based on the temperature variation of the water bath of $\pm 1^{\circ}C$ (1.8°F).
- 4. **Spatial Averaging:** ± 10 percent for intensity, ± 5 percent for pressure.

5. Non-linear Distortion: N/A.

No effects of nonlinear propagation were observed.

Since all the above error sources are independent, they may be added on an RMS basis, giving a total uncertainty of ± 25.1 percent for all intensity values reported, ± 12.7 percent for all the pressure values and ± 12.6 percent for the Mechanical Index.

A5.4 Prudent Use Statement

Although no confirmed bioeffects on patients caused by exposure from present diagnostic ultrasound equipment have ever been reported, the potential exists that such bioeffects may be identified in the future. Therefore, the ultrasound should be used prudently. High levels of acoustic output and long exposure time should be avoided while acquiring necessary clinical information.

A5.5 References for Acoustic Output and Safety

- 1. "Bioeffects and Safety of Diagnostic Ultrasound" issued by AIUM in 1993
- 2. "Medical Ultrasound Safety" issued by AIUM in 1994
- "Acoustic Output Measurement Standard for Diagnostic Ultrasound Equipment, Revision 3" issued by AIUM/NEMA in 2004
- 4. "Standard for real-time display of thermal and mechanical acoustic output indices on diagnostic ultrasound equipment, Revision 2" issued by AIUM/NEMA in 2004
- 5. "Information for Manufacturers Seeking Marketing Clearance of Diagnostic

Ultrasound Systems and Transducers" issued in 2008.

6. "Medical electrical equipment—Part 2-37: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of ultrasonic medical diagnostic and monitoring equipment" issued by IEC in 2007.

A5.6 Probe Acoustic Output Parameters List

Acoustic output reporting table for IEC60601-2-37 (IEC60601-2-37, Edition 2.1, 2015-06, table 201.103)

System:SONOTRAX Lite Transducer Model: SONOTRAX CW2.0 Working Mode:CW mode Working Frequency:2.0MHz

Index label		MI	T	IS	T	ΙB	TIC	
			At	Below	At	Below		
				surface	surface	surface	surface	
Maximum inc	lex value		0.021	0.070		0.011		N/A
Index compo	nent value			N/A	0.070	N/A	0.011	
Acoustic	$p_{r,\alpha}$ at z_{MI}	(MPa)	0.031					
Parameters	Ρ	(mW)		11.80		11.80		N/A
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		N/A		N/A		
	Zs	(cm)			2.90			
	Zb	(cm)					3.45	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	3.50					
	Z _{PII.α}	(cm)	3.50					
	<i>f</i> _{awf}	(MHz)	2.18	2.18		2.18		N/A
Other	prr	(Hz)	N/A					
Information	srr	(Hz)	N/A					
	n _{pps}		N/A					
	$I_{\text{pa.}\alpha}$ at $z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$	(W/cm²)	0.015					

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	$I_{\text{spta.}\alpha}$ at $z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$ or $z_{\text{SII.}\alpha}$ (mW/cm ²)	0.056
	$I_{\rm spta}$ at $z_{\rm PII}$ or $z_{\rm SII}$ (mW/cm ²)	0.091
	$p_{r.}$ at z_{PII} (MPa)	0.057
Operating	Focus(mm)	Fixed
control	Depth(mm)	Fixed
conditions	Frequency(MHz)	2.00

Acoustic Output Reporting Table for Track 1 Non-scanning Mode

System: SONOTRAX	Operating Mode: <u>CW mode</u>						
Transducer: <u>CD2.0</u>		Working	Frequency:	<u>2.0 MHz</u>			
A	coustic Output		MI	I _{spta.3} (mW/cm ²)	I _{sppa.3} (W/cm ²)		
Glob	Global Maximum Value				0.015		
	P _{r.3}	(MPa)	0.031				
	Wo	(mW)		11.8	11.8		
	f _c	(MHz)	2.18	2.18	2.18		
	Z _{sp}	(cm)	1.85	1.85	1.85		
Associated	Beam	X ₋₆ (cm)		0.915	0.915		
Acoustic Parameter	dimensions	Y₋₀ (cm)		1.922	1.922		
	PD	(µsec)	CW		CW		
	PRF	(Hz)	N/A		N/A		
	EBD	Az. (cm)		2.50			
	EBD	Ele. (cm)		1.25			
Operating Control Conditions			Fixed				

Acoustic output reporting table for IEC60601-2-37 (IEC60601-2-37, Edition 2.1, 2015-06, table 201.103)

System:SONOTRAX Lite Transducer Model: SONOTRAX CW3.0 Working Mode:CW mode Working Frequency:3.0MHz

	Index label		MI	TIS		TIB		TIC
				At	Below	At	Below	
				surface	surface	surface	surface	
Maximum inc	Maximum index value		0.0041	0.012		0.022		N/A
Index compo	nent value			N/A	0.012	N/A	0.022	
Acoustic	$p_{r,\alpha}$ at z_{MI}	(MPa)	0.0070					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		1.20		1.20		N/A
	<i>P</i> _{1x1}	(mW)		N/A		N/A		
	Zs	(cm)			2.90			
	Zb	(cm)					3.90	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	4.00					
	Z _{PII.α}	(cm)	4.00					
	<i>f</i> _{awf}	(MHz)	3.00	3.00		3.00		N/A
Other	prr	(Hz)	N/A					
Information	srr	(Hz)	N/A					

	n _{pps}	N/A				
	$I_{\text{pa.}\alpha}$ at $z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$ (W/cm ²)	0.0016				
	$I_{\text{spta.}\alpha}$ at $z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$ or	1.63				
	z _{SII.α} (mW/cm²)					
	$I_{\rm spta}$ at $z_{\rm PII}$ or $z_{\rm SII}$ (mW/cm ²)	2.91				
	$p_{r.}$ at z_{PII} (MPa)	0.013				
Operating	Focus(mm)	Fixed				
control	Depth(mm)	Fixed				
conditions	Frequency(MHz)	3.00				

Acoustic Output Reporting Table for Track 1 Non-scanning Mode

System: <u>SONOTRAX</u> Transducer: <u>CD3.0</u>		• •	g Mode: <u>CW mode</u> Frequency: <u>3.0 MHz</u>			
A	coustic Output		MI	I _{spta.3} (mW/cm ²)	I _{sppa.3} (W/cm ²)	
Glob	al Maximum Value		0.0041	1.63	0.00163	
	P _{r.3}	(MPa)	0.007			
	Wo	(mW)		1.2	1.2	
	f _c	(MHz)	3.0	3.0	3.0	
	Z _{sp}	(cm)	2.35	2.35	2.35	
Associated	Beam	X ₋₆ (cm)		1.7	1.7	
Acoustic Parameter	dimensions	Y ₋₆ (cm)		0.532	0.532	
	PD	(µsec)	CW		CW	
	PRF	(Hz)	N/A		N/A	
		Az. (cm)		1.11		
	EBD	Ele. (cm)		2.22		
Operating Control Conditions			Fixed			

Acoustic output reporting table for IEC60601-2-37 (IEC60601-2-37, Edition 2.1, 2015-06, table 201.103)

System:SONOTRAX Lite Transducer Model: SONOTRAX CD4.0 Working Mode:CW mode Working Frequency:4.0MHz

	Index label		MI	T	S	T	ΙB	TIC
				At	Below	At	Below	
				surface	surface	surface	surface	
Maximum index value		0.013	0.014		0.059		N/A	
Index compo	nent value			0.014	N/A	N/A	0.059	
Acoustic	$p_{r,\alpha}$ at z_{MI}	(MPa)	0.025					
Parameters	Ρ	(mW)		0.75		0.75		N/A
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		N/A		N/A		
	Zs	(cm)			1.30			
	Zb	(cm)					1.30	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	1.40					
	Z _{PII.α}	(cm)	1.40					
	<i>f</i> _{awf}	(MHz)	4.00	4.00		4.00		N/A
Other	prr	(Hz)	N/A					
Information	srr	(Hz)	N/A					

	n _{pps}	N/A
	$I_{\text{pa.}\alpha}$ at $z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$ (W/cm ²)	0.020
	$I_{\text{spta.}\alpha}$ at $Z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$ or	20.24
	z _{SII.α} (mW/cm²)	
	$I_{\rm spta}$ at $z_{\rm PII}$ or $z_{\rm SII}$ (mW/cm ²)	36.51
	p _{r.} at z _{PII} (MPa)	0.045
Operating	Focus(mm)	Fixed
control	Depth(mm)	Fixed
conditions	Frequency(MHz)	4.00

Acoustic Output Reporting Table for Track 1 Non-scanning Mode

System: <u>SONOTRAX</u> Transducer: <u>CD4.0</u>			g Mode: <u>CW mode</u> Frequency: <u>4.0 MHz</u>			
A	coustic Output			MI	I _{spta.3} (mW/cm ²)	I _{sppa.3} (W/cm ²)
Global Maximum Value				0.0125	20.24	0.02024
	P _{r.3}	(M	Pa)	0.0249		
	Wo	(n	nW)		0.746	0.746
	f _c	(M	Hz)	4.0	4.0	4.0
	Z _{sp}	(0	cm)	0.975	0.975	0.975
Associated	Beam	X-6	(cm)		0.142	0.142
Acoustic Parameter	dimensions	Y ₋₆	(cm)		0.206	0.206
	PD		(µsec)	CW		CW
	PRF		(Hz)	N/A		N/A
		Az.	(cm)		0.45	
	EBD	Ele.	(cm)		0.9	
Operating Control Conditions				Fixed		

Acoustic output reporting table for IEC60601-2-37 (IEC60601-2-37, Edition 2.1, 2015-06, table 201.103)

System:SONOTRAX Lite Transducer Model: SONOTRAX CD5.0 Working Mode:CW mode Working Frequency:5.0MHz

	Index label		MI	T	S	TIB		TIC
				At	Below	At	Below	
				surface	surface	surface	surface	
Maximum inc	Maximum index value		0.018	0.21		0.32		N/A
Index compo	nent value			0.21	N/A	N/A	0.32	
Acoustic	$p_{r,\alpha}$ at z_{MI}	(MPa)	0.039					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		8.65		8.65		N/A
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		N/A		N/A		
	Zs	(cm)			2.30			
	Zb	(cm)					2.30	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	3.00					
	Z _{PII.α}	(cm)	3.00					
	<i>f</i> _{awf}	(MHz)	5.00	5.00		5.00		N/A
Other	prr	(Hz)	N/A					
Information	srr	(Hz)	N/A					

	n _{pps}	N/A					
	$I_{\text{pa.}\alpha}$ at $z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$ (W/cm ²)	0.050					
	$I_{\text{spta.}\alpha}$ at $Z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$ or	52.59					
	z _{SII.α} (mW/cm²)						
	I_{spta} at z_{PII} or z_{SII} (mW/cm ²)	91.26					
	$p_{r.}$ at z_{PII} (MPa)	0.066					
Operating	Focus(mm)	Fixed					
control	Depth(mm)	Fixed					
conditions	Frequency(MHz)	5.00					

Acoustic Output Reporting Table for Track 1 Non-scanning Mode

System: <u>SONOTRAX</u> Transducer: <u>CD5.0</u>			g Mode: <u>CW mode</u> Frequency: <u>5.0 MHz</u>			
A	coustic Output			MI	I _{spta.3} (mW/cm ²)	I _{sppa.3} (W/cm ²)
Global Maximum Value				0.01755	52.593	0.04972
	P _{r.3}	(M	Pa)	0.03925		
	Wo	(n	nW)		8.648	8.648
	f _c	(M	Hz)	4.99999	4.99999	4.99999
	Z _{sp}	(cm)		1.2	1.2	1.2
Associated	Beam	X-6	(cm)		0.2484	0.2484
Acoustic Parameter	dimensions	Y-6	(cm)		0.4534	0.4534
	PD		(µsec)	CW		CW
	PRF		(Hz)	N/A		N/A
		Az.	(cm)		0.4	
	EBD	Ele.	(cm)		0.8	
Operating Control Conditions				Fixed		

Acoustic output reporting table for IEC60601-2-37 (IEC60601-2-37, Edition 2.1, 2015-06, table 201.103)

System:SONOTRAX Lite Transducer Model: SONOTRAX CD8.0 Working Mode:CW mode Working Frequency: 8.0MHz

	Index label		MI	T	IS	7	ΊB	TIC
				At	Below	At	Below	
				surface	surface	surface	surface	
Maximum in	Maximum index value		0.022	0.24		0.41		N/A
Index compo	onent value			0.24	N/A	N/A	0.41	
Acoustic	$p_{r,\alpha}$ at z_{M}	(MPa)	0.063					
Parameters	Р	(mW)		6.19		6.19		N/A
	P _{1x1}	(mW)		N/A		N/A		
	Zs	(cm)			N/A			
	Zb	(cm)					0.65	
	Z _{MI}	(cm)	0.56					
	Z _{PII.α}	(cm)	0.56					
	<i>f</i> _{awf}	(MHz)	8.00	8.00		8.00		N/A
Other	prr	(Hz)	N/A					
Information	srr	(Hz)	N/A					

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	n _{pps}	N/A					
	$I_{\text{pa.}\alpha}$ at $z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$ (W/cm ²)	0.11					
	$I_{\text{spta.}\alpha}$ at $Z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$ or	110.00					
	z _{SII.α} (mW/cm²)						
	I _{spta} at z _{PII} or z _{SII} (mW/cm²)	149.40					
	p _{r.} at z _{PII} (MPa)	0.073					
Operating	Focus(mm)	Fixed	Fixed	N/A	N/A	Fixed	N/A
control	Depth(mm)	Fixed	Fixed	N/A	N/A	Fixed	N/A
conditions	Frequency(MHz)	8.00	8.00	N/A	N/A	8.00	N/A

Acoustic Output Reporting Table for Track 1

Non-scanning Mode

System: <u>SONOTRAX</u> Transducer: <u>CD8.0</u> Operating Mode: <u>CW mode</u> Working Frequency: <u>8.0 MHz</u>

A	coustic Output	MI	I _{spta.3} (mW/cm ²)	I _{sppa.3} (W/cm ²)		
Glob	al Maximum Value	0.022	110	0.11		
	P _{r.3}	(M)	Pa)	0.063		
	Wo	(m	ιW)		6.19	6.19
	f _c	(Mł	Hz)	8.0	8.0	8.0
	Z _{sp}	(c	m)	0.65	0.65	0.65
Associated	Beam	X-6	(cm)		0.298	0.298
Acoustic Parameter	dimensions	Y-6	(cm)		0.16	0.16
	PD		(µsec)	CW		CW
	PRF		(Hz)	N/A		N/A
		Az.	(cm)		0.3	
	EBD	Ele.	(cm)		0.6	
Operating Control Conditions				Fixed		

Appendix 6 Overall Sensitivity

Diameter of Target Reflector (mm)	Distance (d)(mm)	A(dB)	Two-way Attenuation B=∑B _a +B _w							V _s (r.m.s)	V _n (r.m.s) mV	$C = 20 \log_{10} \left(\frac{V_s(r.m.s.)}{V_n(r.m.s.)} \right)$ dB	Overall Sensitivity
			ΣB										(S=A(d)+B+C) dB
	50	45.7	Т	6#	6#	3#	-	0	57.5	72.15	34.32	6.45	109.6
			Ba	24.9	24.9	7.7	-	U					
1.58	75	45.7	Т	6#	6#	2#	-	0	55.3	70.35	34.83	6.10	107.1
A=45.7dB@			Ba	24.9	24.9	5.5	-						
2 MHz	100	45.7	Т	6#	6#	1#	-	0	53.5	72.62	35.64	6.30	105.5
			Ba	24.9	24.9	3.7	-						
	200	45.7	Т	6#	6#	-	-	0	49.8	75.47	35.86	6.24	101.7
			Ba	24.9	24.9	-	-						
	50	43.2	Т	6#	6#	2#	1#	0	59.0	72.36	34.38	6.46	108.6
			Ba	24.9	24.9	5.5	3.7						
2.38	75	43.2	Т	6#	6#	3#	-	0	57.5	74.31	34.83	6.58	107.2
A=43.2dB@	75	40.2	Ba	24.9	24.9	7.7	-	0	57.5	74.51	04.00	0.50	107.2
2 MHz	100	43.2	Т	6#	6#	2#	-	0	55.3	75.26	35.62	6.49	104.9
	100		Ba	24.9	24.9	5.5	-						
	200	43.2	Т	6#	6#	1#	-	0	53.5	75.42	35.83	6.45	103.2
			Ba	24.9	24.9	3.7	-					0.45	103.2
Doppler Frequency (Hz)		333							Velocity of Target (cm/s)		12.5		

SONOTRAX Series Ultrasonic Pocket Doppler User Manual

Overall Sensitivity

Diameter of Target Reflector (mm)	Distance (d)(mm)	A(dB)	Two-way Attenuation $B=\Sigma B_a+B_w$								V _n (r.m.s) mV	$C = 20 \log_{10} \left(\frac{V_s(r.m.s.)}{V_n(r.m.s.)} \right)$ dB	Overall Sensitivity (S=A(d)+B+C) dB
			ΣВ($ \Sigma B (T: ultrasonic attenuation B_w B phantom No. B_a: dB) (dB) (dB) $									
	50	44.5	T Ba	6# 43.6	3# 13.5	-	-	0	57.1	112.3	52.44	6.61	108.2
1 50	75	44.5			3#	_	-	0	57.1	108.4	52.28	6.34	
1.58 A=44.5dB@			Ba	43.6	13.5	-	-						107.9
3 MHz	100 200 50	44.5 44.5 42.0	Т	6#	3#	-	-	0 0 0	57.1	113.8	54.56	6.39	107.9
			Ba	43.6	13.5	-	-		07.1	110.0	04.00	0.00	107.5
			T Ba	6# 43.6	3# 13.5	-	-		57.1	112.2	54.82	6.22	103.3
			Ba T	43.6 6#	3#	-	-						
			Ba	43.6	13.5	_	-		57.1	109.0	53.46	6.18	105.2
0.00	75	42.0	T	6#	3#	-	-	0	57.1	113.8	52.43	6.73	105.8
2.38 A=42.0dB@			Ba	43.6	13.5	-	-						
3 MHz	100	42.0	T	6#	3#	-	-	0	57.1	110.4	54.35	6.16	105.2
	200	42.0	Ba	43.6	13.5	-	-	- 0	57.1	112.7	54.46	6.32	105.4
				6#	3#	-	-						
Doppler Frequency (Hz)			42.0 B _a 43.6 13.5 0 37.1 500						Velocity of Target (cm/s)		12.5		

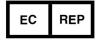
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